



UNITED STATES PLANT PATENT APPLICATION

of

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for

CLIMBING ROSE PLANT NAMED

'POULyc007'



CLIMBING ROSE PLANT NAMED

'POULyc007'

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A new climbing garden rose plant which has abundant, pink flowers and attractive foliage. This new and distinct variety has shown to be uniform and stable in the resulting generations from asexual propagation.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Rosa hybrida

VARIETY DENOMINATION

'POULyc007'

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The present invention constitutes a new and distinct variety of garden rose plant which originated from a controlled crossing between a female parent 'POULsint', an unpatented variety, and the male parent, an unnamed plant. The two parents were crossed during the summer of 1994, and the resulting seeds were planted in a controlled environment in Fredensborg, Denmark. The new variety is named 'POULyc007'.

- The new variety may be distinguished from its seed parent, 'POULsint', by the following combination of characteristics:
 - 1. The female parent has a flower diameter when open of less than 5 cm. 'POULcy007' has flowers which are 75 mm in diameter when open.
 - 2. While the pollen parent has a narrow and bushy growth habit, 'POULcy007' has a climbing habit.
- 25 The new variety may be distinguished from its pollen or male parent, an unnamed plant, by the following

combination of characteristics:

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- The male parent has a flower petal color, on open flowers, upper surface of White Group 155D. 'POULyc007' has a flower petal color on open flowers, upper surface of Red Group 55C.
- 2. General tonality of the pollen parent is opening are White Group 155B, while 'POULyc007' has a general tonality of Red Group 55D.

The objective of the hybridization of this rose variety was to create a new and distinct variety for garden use with unique qualities, such as:

- Uniform and abundant light pink flowers;
- Vigorous, but compact growth when propagated both as a budded rose and on its own roots;
- 3. Disease resistance.
- 4. Improved flowering habit. Since the variety is less apically dominant, flowers are produced evenly from the lower branches to the top.

This combination of qualities is not present in previously available commercial cultivars of this type, known to the inventor, and distinguish 'POULyc007' from

all other varieties of which we are aware.

As part of their rose development program, L.

Pernille Olesen and Mogens N. Olesen germinated the seeds from the aforementioned hybridization during winter 1994 and conducted evaluations on the resulting seedlings in a controlled environment in Fredensborg, Denmark.

'POULyc007' was selected in the spring 1995 by the inventors as a single plant from the progeny of the aforementioned hybridization.

Denmark in July, 1995. This initial and other subsequent asexual propagations conducted in controlled environments have demonstrated that the characteristics of 'POULyc007' are true to type and are transmitted from one generation to the next.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

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The accompanying color illustration shows as true as is reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this type, the typical characteristics of the buds, flowers, leaves, and stems, of 'POULycoo7'. Specifically illustrated in SHEET 1 are:

- Fig 1.1; Open flower, stem showing branching, open flower, the attachment of buds, and peduncles;
- Fig 1.2; Flower petals, detached;
- Fig 1.3; Sepals, receptacle, and pedicel;
 And specifically illustrated in SHEET 2 are:
 - Fig 2.1; Flower buds closed, flower bud as sepals unfold and partially open flower.
- Fig 2.2; Juvenile Flower buds and growth showing anthocyanin.
 - Fig 2.3: Juvenile leaves with anthocyanin;
 - Fig 2.4: Mature leaves;
 - Fig 2.5; Bare stems with thorns.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

The following is a description of 'POULyc007', as observed in its growth in a field nursery in Jackson County, Oregon. Observed plants are 3 years of age. Color references are made using the Royal Horticultural Society (London, England) Colour Chart, 1995, except where common terms of color are used

For a comparison, several physical characteristics of the rose variety 'POULover', a rose variety from the same inventors described and illustrated in U.S. Plant Patent Application No. 10/341,890 and dated 13 January

2003, are compared to 'POULyc007' in Chart 1.

CHART 1

	`POULyc007'	'POULover'
Bud color as sepals unfold	Petals are Red Group 46C with intonations of Red Group 46C; at 1/4 opening, petals are Red Group 48A.	Petals are Red Group 55C; at ¼ opening, petals are Red Group 55C
Receptacle Color	Yellow-Green Group 144B.	Yellow-Green Group
Outermost Petals upon opening, outer side	Red Group 52B.	Red-Purple Group 65A at petal margins. Red- Purple 65D at mid petal.

Parents:

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15 Seed Parent: POULsint.

Pollen Parent: Unnamed Plant.

FLOWER AND FLOWER BUD

Blooming habit: Continuous.

Flower bud:

Size: Upon opening, 22 mm in length

from base of receptacle to end

of bud. AVERAGE DIAMETER IS 13 MM.

Bud form: Broad based.

Bud color: As sepals unfold, petals are

Red Group 46C with intonations

of Red Group 46A. Red Group 48A at % opening.

Sepals:

THAPE JUBULATE WITH OUTWARD EXTENDING-Upper Surface: FOLIACEOUS APPENDAGES.

Upper Surface

Yellow-Green Group 145B.

Observations:

Color:

Surfaces of sepals moderately pubescent.

Stipitate glands are very

abundant in quantity and

characterized by a

distinctive spicy

fragrance.

Lower Surface:

Color:

Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Anthocyanin:

Very strong, Greyed-

Purple Group 187A.

MARGIN Shape ..

Margins have strong

foliaceous appendages on

three of the five sepals.

Size:

22 mm long by 8 mm wide.

Receptacle:

Surface Texture:

Smooth and glabrous.

Shape:

Urn-shaped.

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Size:

7 mm (h) \times 7 mm (w).

Color:

Yellow-Green Group

144B.

Anthocyanin:

Greyed-Red Group

181A.

5 Peduncle:

Surface: Many stipitate glands,

characterized by a

distinct spicy fragrance

observed.

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Length: 30 to 35 mm average

length.

2,5 mm AVERBEE

Greyed-Red Group 183A.

AND YELON GREEN GROW 144

Strength: Strong.

Multiples of 9 buds per flowering Borne:

stem.

Anthocyanin: None observed.

Flower bloom:

Fragrance: Moderate rose.

<u>Duration:</u> The blooms have a duration on

20 the plant of approximately 10

to 14 days. AFTER FLOWERS HAVE MATURED

Average flower di Size:

mm when open.

Form: Rosette with overlapping

petals.

Shape of flower when viewed from the side:

Upon opening, upper part:Flat.

Upon opening, lower part:Flattened

convex.

5 Open flower, upper part: Convex.

Open flower, lower part: Concave.

Petalage: Very double. Average range: 50-55

petals under normal conditions with

10 petaloids.

10 Color:

Upon opening, petals:

Outermost petals:

Outer side: Red Group 52B with

vertical intonations of

Red Group 46A.

Inner Side: Red Group 52C.

Innermost petals:

Outer side: Red Group 52B.

Inner Side: Red Group 52C.

Upon opening, basal petal spots:

Outermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

Inner side: Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

Innermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

After opening, petals:

Outermost petals:

Outer side: Red Group 55C.

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Inner Side: Red Group 56A.

Innermost petals:

Outer side:

Red Group 55C.

Inner Side: Red Group 56A.

After opening, basal petal spots:

10 Outermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

Inner side:

Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

Innermost petals:

Outer side:

Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

1.5

Inner Side:

Yellow Group 1C to 1B.

General Tonality: On open flower Red Group 55D.

No change in the general

tonality at the end of the 10^{th}

day. Afterwards, general

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tonality is Red Group 55D.

Petals:

<u>Petal Reflex:</u> Petals reflex somewhat

strongly.

Margin:

Entire with medium undulations

25 of margin.

Shape: Apex: Round. Base: Acute. 37 mm (1) x 35 mm (w). <u>Size:</u> Texture: Smooth. 5 Thickness: Average. <u>Arrangement:</u> Not Formal. Petaloids: Quantity: 10-15. <u>Size:</u> 33 mm (1) \times 25 mm (w). 10 Color: Upper Surface: Red Group 56A. Lower surface: Red Group 55C. 15 Reproductive Organs: Pistils: Length: 9 mm long. Quantity: 64 (actual count). <u>Pollen:</u> None observed. 20 Anthers: Size: 2 mm long. Yellow-Orange Group 17A. Color: Quantity: 56 (actual count).

Color: Yellow Group 6A.

Filaments:

Length: 3 mm.

<u>Stigmas:</u> Superior in relation to the

height of the anthers.

Color: Yellow-Green Group 154D.

5 <u>Styles:</u>

Color: Yellow-Green Group 154D.

Other intonations: None.

Hips: None Observed in the field nursery in

Jackson County Oregon.

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PLANT

Plant growth: Vigorous. Very, very tall climbing

habit of 200-300 cm in height. Weak

apical dominance allows flowers to

develop evenly from lower branches to

the top.

Stems:

Color:

Young-wood: Yello

Yellow-Green Group 144B

with intonations of

Greyed-Purple 185A.

NATURE Older wood:

Yellow-Green Group 144B.

Thorns:

Incidence: 12 thorns per 10 cm of

stem.

Size:

Average length: 5 mm.

MATURE THORNOOT:

Greyed-Yellow Group 160A.

Shape:

Deeply concave. 48100 160 A

Surface Texture:

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Young wood:

Smooth.

Older wood:

Smooth.

Anthocyanin:

None observed .-

Plant foliage:

Normal number of leaflets in

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middle of the stem: 7.

Compound Leaf size: 38 mm (1) \times 30 mm (w).

Color:

Mature Foliage:

Upper Leaf Surface: Yellow-Green

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Group 147A.

Lower Leaf Surface: Yellow-Green

Group 147C.

Juvenile foliage:

Upper Leaf Surface: Yellow-Green

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Group 146B to

146C.

'Lower Leaf Surface: Yellow-Green

Group 146C.

Anthocyanin:

EXHIPTS ANTHOCYANK INTOURTIONS

Plant leaves and leaflets of GRENTO ORANGE 173 A.

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Stipules: Size: 26 mm. Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A. MARGUSI Stepatt Stipitate Glands: Medium. 2HAPE: LINEAR WITH OUTWARD EXTENDING 5 Petiole: APECLES. Length: 35 mm. DIANTIER Z mm. Color: Yellow-Green Group 144B. Anthocyanin: None Observed. Underneath: Thorns and stipitate 10 glands observed. Rachis: Length: 35 mm. Color: Yellow-Green Group 144B. Anthocyanin: None Observed. 15 <u>Leaflet:</u> TERMINAL LEAFLETS ARE TYPICALLY 212£ (Edge: Serrated. 50 mm(1)X Shape: Generally ovate to round. Apex: Cuspidate. Base: Round. 20 Texture: Smooth. Arrangement: Odd pinnate. Venation: Reticulate. Glossiness: Glossy. Disease resistance: 25 Above average resistance to mildew, rust, black

spot, and <u>Botrytis</u> under normal growing conditions in Jackson County, Oregon.

Cold Hardiness:

The variety 'POULyc007' has been found to be cold tolerant to USDA Cold Hardiness Zone 6.

CLAIM

A new and distinct variety of rose plant of the climbing rose class, substantially as herein illustrated and described as a distinct and novel rose variety due to its abundant light pink flowers, disease resistance, and extended period of bloom.